## Diabetes Zones for Management

Green Zone: Great Control	Green Zone Means:
<ul> <li>Your Goal HbA1c:</li> <li>HbA1c is under 7</li> <li>Average blood sugars typically under 150</li> <li>Most fasting blood sugars under 150</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Your blood sugars are under control</li> <li>Continue taking your medications as ordered</li> <li>Continue routine blood glucose monitoring</li> <li>Follow healthy eating habits</li> <li>Keep all physician appointments</li> </ul>
<ul> <li><u>Yellow Zone: Caution</u></li> <li>HbA1c between 7 and 9</li> <li>Average blood sugar between 150-210</li> <li>Most fasting blood glucose under 200</li> <li>% Work closely with your health care team if you are going into the YELLOW zone</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Yellow Zone Means:</li> <li>Your blood sugar may indicate that you need an adjustment of your medications</li> <li>Improve your eating habits</li> <li>Increase your activity level</li> <li>% Call your physician, nurse, or diabetes educator if changes in your activity level or eating habits don't decrease your fasting blood sugar levels. Name:</li></ul>
<ul> <li><u>Red Zone: Stop and Think</u></li> <li>HbA1c greater than 9</li> <li>Average blood sugars are over 210</li> <li>Most fasting blood sugars are well over 200</li> <li>% Call your physician if you are going into the RED zone</li> </ul>	Red Zone Means:You need to be evaluated by a physician.If you have a blood glucose over,follow these instructions% Call your physicianPhysician:Number:

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adapted from Alaska Native Medical Center, Anchorage, AK